fó shuō yú lán pén jīng 佛 說 盂 蘭 盆 經

Yulan Bowl Sutra (Ullambana Sutra)

淨 壇 讚 Purifying Praise								
▼ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○								
○ ○ ○ ○ ◎ ○ ○ ○ bō hé luó fàn lì cún wáng 鉢和羅飯利存亡 This alms bowl of rice would benefit the living and the deceased.								
○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □								
〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 〇 ○ ○ ○								
▼10101010101010101010101010101010101010								
○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○								

ná mó xiāng yún gài рú sà mó hē sà 蓋 誓 旌 雲 摩 旌 訶 南 春

Homage to the bodhisattvas in the midst of incense clouds.

稱 聖 號 Invocation

ná mó dà bēi guān shì yīn pú sà (3 times) 南 無 大 悲 觀 世 音 菩 薩 (三稱) Homage to Bodhisattva the Great Compassionate Avalokiteshvara

主法者説文 Intonation by the Celebrant

pú sà liǔ tóu gān lù shuǐ 菩薩柳頭甘露水 From the Bodhisattva's willow twig, the Amrta water.

néng lìng yī dī biàn shí fāng 能 令 一 滴 遍 十 方 Can, just in one drop, cover all places in ten directions.

xīng tǎn gòu huì jìn juān chú 腥 膻 垢 穢 畫 蠲 除 May stench, stink, dirt and filth all be purified.

jiā chí tán cháng xī qīng jìng 加 持 壇 場 悉 清 淨 Aud this platform and place be made thoroughly clean.

jiào yǒu mì yán jǐn dāng chí sòng 教 有 密 言 謹 當 持 誦 We are taught magic words which should be recited and kept.

大悲咒 Dharani Of The Most Compassionate One

 \bigcirc \bigcirc 7 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc yè yé hē Ιà dá nà duō Ιà ná mó ā lì ná mó yé 哆 囉 南 喝 那 夜 耶。南 無 阿 唎 無 囉 怛 耶。 dì shuò bō tí sà duŏ Ιú jié Ιà yé pú рó рó 提 囉 耶。菩 婆 盧 羯 帝 爍 缽 薩 埵 婆 耶。 sà duŏ pó yé mó hē jiā Ιú ní mó hē jiā yé ăn sà 盧 尼 薩 埵 婆 耶。摩 迦 迦 耶。喻 薩 犘 訶 訶 yè shù dà nà dà xiè ná mó xī рó Ιà fá jí Ιì duŏ 罰 皤 囉 曳。數 怛 那 怛 寫。南 無 悉 吉 栗 埵 lì yé рó Ιú dì fó là léng tuó pó jí shì yī méng ā 蒙 耶。婆 盧 吉 帝 伊 阿 唎 室 佛 囉 楞 駄 婆∘ jǐn chí xī lì mó hē pó duō shā miē ná mó nuó là 那 囉 謹 墀。醯 唎 摩 訶 皤 哆 沙咩。 南 無 tuō dòu shū péng ā shì yùn sà sà duō sà рó рó ā 薩 婆 豆 輸 朋 。 阿 逝 孕 。 薩 婆 薩 哆 他 阿 sà duō nà mó pó qié mó рó mó fá tè dòu nà 罰 那 婆 薩 哆 。那 摩婆伽。摩 特 豆。 ăn zhí tuō ā ΧĪ dà рó Ιú lú jiā dì Ιà dì jiā yί 醯。盧 帝。迦 羅 婆 盧 迦 帝。夷 怛 姪 他。喻。阿 sà duŏ ΧĪ lì mó hē рú tí sà pó sà pó mó Ιà mó 唎 。 摩 菩 提 訶 薩 埵 ○ 薩 婆 薩 婆。摩 犘

lì tuó yùn jù jù lú Ιú là mó ΧĪ mó ΧĪ jié méng 犘 醯 唎 馱 孕 。 俱 盧 俱 盧 羯 蒙 囉∘擪 醯 fá shé yé dì mó hē fá shé yé dù dù lú lú dì 度 度 盧 罰 闍 耶 帝。摩 訶 罰 閣 耶 tuó là tuó Ιà dì lì ní shì fó Ιà yé zhē là zhē là 囉。地 囉 陀 唎 尼。室 佛 耶。遮 囉 陀 囉 摭 fá mó là dì Ιì уī mó mó mù γī ΧĪ ΧĪ shì nuó 罰 摩囉。穆帝隸。伊 醯 伊 麼 醯。室 là sēng fó là shè lì fá fá sēng fó shì nuó ā sō là 室 囉 嘇 佛 囉 舍 利 。 罰 娑 罰 咚 。佛 那。阿 囉 lú hū Ιú mó là hū lú hū lú shè vé hū ΧĪ Ιì 呼 嚧 犘 囉。呼 嘘 呼 嘘 耶。呼 嚧 醯 利。 lì ΧĪ lì sū lú sū lú рú tí yè suō là suō Ιà ΧĪ 娑 囉。悉 唎 悉 唎 이蘇 嚧 蘇 娑 嘘。菩 提 夜。 lì yè pú tuó yè pú tuó yè mí dì γè рú nuó là 提夜。菩馱夜菩馱夜。彌帝利夜。那 囉 nuó pó yè mó nuó suō pó jĭn chí dì lì sè ní hē 謹 墀。地 利 瑟 尼那。婆夜摩那。娑婆 訶 0 xī tuó yè suō pó hē mó hē xī tuó yè suō pó 陀夜。娑婆訶。摩訶悉陀夜。娑婆 訶 o nuó là jin xī tuó yù yì shì pó là yé suō pó hē 悉 喻 藝。室 皤 囉 耶。娑 婆 訶。那 囉

pó hē mó là nú là chí suō suō pó hē xī 墀。娑婆訶。摩囉那囉。娑婆訶。悉 sēng ā mù qiē yé suō pó hē suō pó mó hē 阿穆 耶。娑婆訶。娑婆 犘 佉 訶 0 xī tuó yè suō pó hē zhě jí Ιà ā xī tuó yè 陀夜。娑婆訶。者吉囉 悉陀夜。 阿悉 阿 suō pó hē bō tuó mó jié xī tuó yè suō pó hē 訶。波陀摩羯 悉陀 夜。娑婆訶。那 là yé suō pó hē mó pó lì shèng là jĭn chí pó qié 囉 耶。娑 婆 囉 謹 墀 皤 伽 訶。摩 婆 利 勝 suō pó hē ná mó hē dà nuó duō Ιà yè là Ιà jié уè 囉 哆 夜 囉 夜。娑 婆 訶。南 無 喝 那 羯 怛 (0) yé ná jí dì shuò pó ā lì yē pó lú mó là yè 阿利 耶。婆 鳴 吉 帝。 爍 皤 囉 夜。 耶。南 無 ăn xī diàn dū màn duō hē là bá tuó suō pó yé 娑 婆 訶。唵。悉 殿 都。 漫 多 囉。跋 陀 suō pó hē 娑 婆 訶。

mó gān lù wáng pú sà mó hē Sà (3 times) ná 露 兽 旌 摩 隨 (三唱) Ŧ 訶 南 無 甘 Homage to the Tathagata of Nectar

長跪 (All kneel down)

ná mó lán pén huì shàng fó pú sà (3 times) 南 無 蘭 盆 會 上 佛 菩 薩 (三稱)

Homage to the Ullambana Bodhisattvas

fó shuō yú lán pén jīng 佛 說 盂 蘭 盆 經

Yulan Bowl Sutra (Ullambana Sutra)

西晉三藏 竺法護 譯

Translated by Tripitaka Master Dharmaraksa of the Western Jin

wén rú shì yī shí fó zài shě wèi guó zhǐ shù 聞 如 是。一 時 佛 在 舍 衛 國 祇 樹 Thus have I heard: Once the Buddha was in the kingdom of Sravasti, in Jetevana,

gěi gū dú yuán dà mù jiān lián shǐ dé liù tōng 給 孤 獨 園 。大 目 犍 連 始 得 六 通。Anathapindika's Park. The great Maudgalyayana had just obtained the six supernatural powers

yù dù fù mǔ bào rǔ bǔ zhī ēn jí yǐ dào 欲 度 父 母。報 乳 哺 之 恩。即 以 道 and desired to repay his parents for their nursing by librating them.

yǎn guān shì shì jiān jiàn qí wáng mǔ shēng è 眼 觀 視 世 間。見 其 亡 母 生 餓 He used his divine eye to observe the worlds. Then he saw his deceased mother was reborn in the realm of the hungry ghosts.

guǐ zhōng bù jiàn yǐn shí pí gú lián lì mù 鬼 中。不 見 飲 食。皮 骨 連 立。目 She has never seen any drink or food and her skin clung to her bones. lián bēi āi jí yǐ bō shèng fàn wǎng xiǎng qí 連 悲 哀。即 以 鉢 盛 飯。 往 鉤 其 Maudgalyayana felt deep sorrow. Maudgalyayana filled a bowl with rice and wanted to feed his mother.

mǔ mǔ dé bō fàn biàn yǐ zuǒ shǒu zhàng bō 母。母 得 鉢 飯。便 以 左 手 障 鉢。 When his mother held the bowl in her left and tried

yòu shǒu tuán fàn shí wèi rù kǒu huà chéng huǒ 右 手 摶 飯。食 未 入 口。化 成 火 to use her right hand to scooped up the rice, however, the rice became burning coals prior to entering her mouth.

tàn suì bù dé shí mù lián dà jiào bēi hào 炭。遂 不 得 食。目 連 大 叫。悲 號 Henceforth, she could not swallow any food. Maudgalyayana, in a great a howl of grief,

tí qì chí huán bái fó jù chén rú cǐ 啼 泣。馳 還 白 佛。具 陳 如 此。 broke out in tears. He rushed back to the Buddha and told him this terrible ordeal.

fó yán rǔ mǔ zuì gēn shēn jié fēi rǔ yī 佛言。汝母罪根深結。非汝一
The Buddha said, "Your mother's unwholesome karma had been deeply entangled and anchored, which is beyond

rén lì suǒ nài hé rǔ suī xiào shun shēng dòng 人。力 所 奈 何。汝 雖 孝 順。 聲 動 your capability to unfasten alone. Although your filial obedience had been well known

tiān dì tiān shén dì shén xié mó wài dào dào 天 地。天 神 地 神 。邪 魔 外 道 。道 and your sorrow had greatly touched the heaven and the earth, however, the shì sì tiān wáng shén yì bù néng nài hé dāng 士 四 天 王 神 。亦 不 能 奈 何。當 heavenly and earthly deities, evil spirits and hetretics, and practioners and the Four Heavenly Brahmins are unable to unfasten either.

xū shí fāng zhòng sēng wēi shén zhī lì nǎi dé 須 十 方 眾 僧 威 神 之 力。乃 得 Her relieving from woeful suffering has to rely on the supernatural power of the Sangha (community) from the ten directions.

jié tuō wú jīn dāng shuō jiù jì zhī fǎ ling 解 脱。吾 今 當 説 救 濟 之 法。令 Now I will admonish you the solution to be completely alleviated and

yí qiè nán jiē lí yōu kǔ fó gào mù lián 一 切 難。皆 離 憂 苦。佛 告 目 連。eliminate her sufferings." The Buddha told Maudgalyaya,

shí fāng zhòng shēng yú qī yuè shí wǔ rì 十 方 眾 生 。於 七 月 十 五 日。 "On the fifteenth day of the seventh lunar month, when the Sangha from the ten directions

sēng zì zì shí dāng wéi qī shì fù mǔ jí 僧 自 恣 時。當 為 七 世 父 母。及 Conduct pravāraņā (forgiveness day after raining season) you should make

xiàn zài fù mǔ è nán zhōng zhě jù fàn bǎi 現 在 父 母。厄 難 中 者。具 飯 百 offerings to the Sangha from ten directions by placing the following items

wèi wǔ guǒ jí guan pén qì xiāng yóu dìng zhú 味 五 果 。 汲 灌 盆 器。 香 油 錠 燭。 in bowls such as rice, dishes with many flavors, five kinds of fruits, picther,

chuáng fū wò jù jìn shì gān měi yǐ zhù pén 床 敷 臥 具。盡 世 甘 美。以 著 盆 incenses, oil, lamps, candles, and bedding.

zhōng gòng yàng shí fāng dà dé zhòng sēng dāng 中。供養十方大德眾僧。當 On this day all saints which include those who have been meditating

cǐ zhī rì yí qiè shèng zhòng huò zài shān jiān 此 之 日。一 切 聖 眾 。或 在 山 間 in the mountains, attained the the forth fruit (Arahatship),

chán ding huò dé sì dào guǒ huò shù xià jīng 禪 定。或 得 四 道 果。或 樹 下 經 conducting walking meditation under the trees,

xíng huò liù tōng zì zài jiào huà shēng wén yuán 行。或 六 通 自 在。教 化 聲 聞 緣 obtained the six kinds of supernatural power, who have edified others, who are Śravakas or Pratyekabuddhas,

jué huò shí dì pú sà dà rén quán xiàn bǐ 覺。或 十 地 菩 薩 大 人。權 現 比 who are the Bodhisattvas of the tenth bhumi (tenth state), who have provisionally

qiū zài dà zhòng zhōng jiē tong yī xīn shòu bō 丘。在 大 眾 中。皆 同 一 心。受 缽 manifested as bhiksus (Buddhist monks), all of those among the great Sangha,

hé luó fàn jù qīng jìng jiè shèng zhòng zhī 和 羅 飯。具 清 淨 戒。 聖 眾 之 will be gathering a crowd, with an unified mind, to receive the bowl (patra) of rice. dào qí dé wāng yáng qí yǒu gòng yàng cǐ děng 道。其 德 汪 洋。其 有 供 養 此 等 These saints who closely observe the pure precepts and follow the path of holy Sangha establish well in virtue as wide as an immense ocean.

zì zì sēng zhě xiàn shì fù mǔ liù qīn juàn 自 恣 僧 者。現 世 父 母。六 親 眷 Those who make such offerings, their parents and the relatives of current generation will be

shǔ dé chū sān tú zhī kǔ yīng shí jié tuō 屬。得出三途之苦。應時解脱。 alleviated from the suffering of the three woeful realms (hell, hungry ghost and animal kingdom) and will naturally

yī shí zì rán ruò fù mǔ xiàn zài zhě fú 衣食自然。若父母現在者。福 receive food and clothes. If their parents are still alive, they will enjoy fortune

lè bǎi nián ruò qī shì fù mǔ shēng tiān zì 樂 百 年。若 七 世 父 母 生 天。自 and joy for many years to come. Moreover, their parents of the past seven generations will be reborn in the realm of heavens and capable

zài huà shēng rù tiān huā guāng shí fó chì shí 在 化 生 。入 天 華 光 。時 佛 敕 十 of transformation, entering into the light of celestial flowers and receiving immeasurable joy."

fāng zhòng sēng jiē xiān wéi shī zhǔ jiā zhòu yuàn 方 眾 僧。皆 先 為 施 主 家 咒 願。
The Buddha instructed the Sangha, prior to receive the offerings to recite mantras and vows for the donor's family

yuàn qī shì fù mǔ xíng chán dìng yì rán hòu 願 七 世 父 母。行 禪 定 意。然 後 such that their parents of the past seven generations will reach *dhyāna* (absorption) through meditation. Before the monastic

shòu shí chū shòu shí shí xiān ān zài fó qián 受食。初受食時。先安在佛前。taking food, they should first offer [the food] to the Buddha or the Buddhas

tǎ sì zhōng fó qián zhòng sēng zhòu yuàn jìng 塔 寺 中 佛 前。 眾 僧 咒 願 竟。 enshrined in pagodas and monasteries. When the monastic assebly has finished

shòu shí biàn zì ěr shí mù lián bǐ giū ií 受 食。爾 時 便 自 E 連 tt. 丘。及 reciting the mantras and vows they may then take the meal. At that time, Bhiksu Maudgalyayana

dà pú sà zhòng jiē dà huān xǐ mù lián bēi 大 菩 薩 眾 。皆 大 歡 喜。目 連 悲 and the great Bodhisattvas are all rejoiced greatly. Maudgalyayana's grieved

tí qì shēng shì rán chú miè shí mù lián mǔ 啼 泣 聲 。釋 然 除 滅。時 目 連 母。 weeping dissipated and dispelled. On the same day, Maudgalyayana's mother was

jí yú shì rì dé tuō yī jié è guǐ zhī kǔ 即 於 是 日。得 脱 一 劫 餓 鬼 之 苦。liberated from the suffering in the realm of hungry ghost for one *kalpa* (aeon).

mù lián fù bái fó yán dì zǐ suǒ shēng fù 目 連 復 白 佛 言。弟 子 所 生 父 Maudgalyayana then asked the Buddha, "The mother, who gave birth to me, your disciple,

mǔ dé méng sān bǎo gōng dé zhī lì zhòng sēng 母。得 蒙 三 實 功 德 之 力。 眾 僧 is able to receive the meritorious power of Triple Gems because of the strength

wēi shén zhī lì gù ruò wèi lái shì yí qiè 威神之力故。若未來世。一切 of the supernatural powers of Assembly of monastic.

fó dì zǐ yì yīng fèng yú lán pén jiù dù 佛 弟 子。亦 應 奉 盂 蘭 盆。救 度 Is it possible if all the Buddhist disciples alleviate their parents

xiàn zài fù mǔ nǎi zhì qī shì fù mǔ kě 現 在 父 母。乃 至 七 世 父 母。可even up to the parents from the past seven generations by

wéi ěr fǒu 為爾不。 offering Yu-Lan bowls?"

fó yán dà shàn kuài wèn wǒ zhèng yù shuō rǔ 佛 言。大 善 快 問。我 正 欲 説。汝The Buddha replied, "What a marvelous question. I was just going to address

jīn fù wèn shàn nán zǐ ruò yǒu bǐ qiū bǐ 今 復 問 。 善 男 子 。 若 有 比 丘 比 what you have asked. A good clansman, where bhiksus,bhiksunis

qiū ní guó wáng tài zǐ dà chén zǎi xiàng sān 丘 尼。國 王 太 子。大 臣 宰 相 。三 kings, princes, great ministers, chancellors, nobility of the three grades,

mín shù rén xíng gōng băi wàn CÍ xiào guān 官。萬 民 庶 人。行 公 兹 孝 offcials in the hundreds, citizens by the thousands, or any commoners who practice filial pitty out of love on the fifteenth day

zhě jiē yīng xiān wéi suǒ shēng xiàn zài fù mǔ 者。皆 應 先 為 所 生 現 在 父 母。 of the seventh lunar month when the Sangha from the ten directions

shì fù mŭ γú qī yuè shí quò qù qī wŭ 母。於七月 世 父 + 渦 夫 + 五 condcut pravāraņā (forgiveness day after raining season) -

sēng rì fó huān xĭ rì zì zì rì νĭ băi 壴 歡 日。僧 自 次 日。佛 百 日。以 the Buddha rejoice day, they should offer Yu-Lan bowls which

lán pén zhōng wèi vǐn shí ān shī shí νú fāng 盂 蘭 食 安 盆 中。施 味 飲 方 contains food with many savory flavors to the Sangha of the ten directions.

zì zì sēng yuàn shǐ xiàn zài fù mǔ shòu mìng 自 恣 僧。願 使 現 在 父 母。壽 命 Their parents of current generation will be blessed with longevity without sickness

bǎi nián wú bìng wú yí qiè kǔ nǎo zhī huàn 百 年 無 病 。 無 一 切 苦 惱 之 患 。 and suffering. Even up to the parents of the past seven generations will be

fù năi zhì shì mŭ lí è quĭ kŭ αī shēng 乃 父 母 鬼 苦。 至 + ₩ 離 餓 生 freed from the suffering from being hungry ghosts but either reborn in human

tiān rén zhōng fú lè wú jí shì fó dì zǐ 天 人 中 。福 樂 無 極。是 佛 弟 子。 or heaven realms where fortune and happiness are unlimited. The disciples

xiū xiào shùn zhě yīng niàn niàn zhōng cháng yì 修 孝 順 者。應 念 念 中。常 憶 of the Buddha who cultivate filial obedience should constantly recollect their

fù mǔ nǎi zhì qī shì fù mǔ nián nián qī 父母。乃至七世父母。年年七 parents of current generation even up to the parents of the past seven generations.

yuè shí wǔ rì cháng yǐ xiào cí yì suǒ shēng 月 十 五 日。常 以 孝 慈。憶 所 生 On the fifteenth day of the seventh lunar month every year, they should recollect their parents

fù mǔ wéi zuò yú lán pén shī fó jí sēng 父母。為作盂蘭盆。施佛及僧。 and cultivate filial obedie-nce out of love and offer Yu-Lan bowls to the Buddha

yǐ bào fù mǔ cháng yǎng cí ài zhī ēn ruò以 報 父 母 長 養 慈 愛 之 恩。若 and Sangha in order to repay the kindness of their parents who have raised and nourished them

yí qiè fó dì zǐ yīng dāng fèng chí shì fǎ 一 切 佛 弟 子。應 當 奉 持 是 法。 All of the disciples of the Buddha should uphold this law (Dharma)."

shí mù lián bǐ qiū sì bèi dì zǐ huān xǐ 時 目 連 比 丘。四 輩 弟 子。 歡 喜 At that time, Bhiksu Maudgalyayana and the four-pair saintly disciples, upon hearing what the Buddha had said, were all filled with great joy

fèng xíng 奉 行。 and practiced it with delight.

fó shuō yú lán pén jīng 佛 說 盂 蘭 盆 經

Yulan Bowl Sutra (Ullambana Sutra)

wén rú shì yī shí fó zài shě wèi guó zhǐ shù 聞 如 是。一 時 佛 在 舍 衛 國 祇 樹 Thus have I heard: Once the Buddha was in the kingdom of Sravasti, in Jetevana,

dú yuán dà mù jiān lián shǐ dé liù tōng gěi gū 犍 始 得 六 園。大 連 給 孤 獨 目 诵。 Anathapindika's Park. The great Maudgalyayana had just obtained the six supernatural powers

yù dù fù mǔ bào rǔ bǔ zhī ēn jí yǐ dào 欲 度 父 母。報 乳 哺 之 恩。即 以 道 and desired to repay his parents for their nursing by librating them.

yǎn guān shì shì jiān jiàn qí wáng mǔ shēng è 眼 觀 視 世 間。見 其 亡 母 生 餓 He used his divine eye to observe the worlds. Then he saw his deceased mother was reborn in the realm of the hungry ghosts.

guǐ zhōng bù jiàn yǐn shí pí gú lián lì mù 鬼 中。不 見 飲 食。皮 骨 連 立。目 She has never seen any drink or food and her skin clung to her bones.

lián bēi āi jí yǐ bō shèng fàn wǎng xiǎng qí 連 悲 哀。即 以 缽 盛 飯。往 鮈 其 Maudgalyayana felt deep sorrow. Maudgalyayana filled a bowl with rice and wanted to feed his mother. mǔ mǔ dé bō fàn biàn yǐ zuǒ shǒu zhàng bō 母。母 得 鉢 飯。便 以 左 手 障 鉢。 When his mother held the bowl in her left and tried

yòu shǒu tuán fàn shí wèi rù kǒu huà chéng huǒ 右 手 摶 飯。食 未 入 口。化 成 火 to use her right hand to scooped up the rice, however, the rice became burning coals prior to entering her mouth.

tàn suì bù dé shí mù lián dà jiào bēi hào 炭。遂 不 得 食。目 連 大 叫。悲 號 Henceforth, she could not swallow any food. Maudgalyayana, in a great a howl of grief,

tí qì chí huán bái fó jù chén rú cǐ 啼 泣。馳 還 白 佛。具 陳 如 此。 broke out in tears. He rushed back to the Buddha and told him this terrible ordeal.

fó yán rǔ mǔ zuì gēn shēn jié fēi rǔ yī 佛言。汝母罪根深結。非汝一
The Buddha said, "Your mother's unwholesome karma had been deeply entangled and anchored, which is beyond

rén lì suǒ nài hé rǔ suī xiào shun shēng dòng 人。力 所 奈 何。汝 雖 孝 順。 聲 動 your capability to unfasten alone. Although your filial obedience had been well known

tiān dì tiān shén dì shén xié mó wài dào dào 天 地。天 神 地 神 。邪 魔 外 道 。道 and your sorrow had greatly touched the heaven and the earth, however, the

shì sì tiān wáng shén yì bù néng nài hé dāng 士 四 天 王 神 。亦 不 能 奈 何。當 heavenly and earthly deities, evil spirits and hetretics, and practioners and the Four Heavenly Brahmins are unable to unfasten either. xū shí fāng zhòng sēng wēi shén zhī lì nǎi dé 須 十 方 眾 僧 威 神 之 力。乃 得 Her relieving from woeful suffering has to rely on the supernatural power of the Sangha (community) from the ten directions.

jié tuō wú jīn dāng shuō jiù jì zhī fǎ ling 解 脱。吾 今 當 説 救 濟 之 法。令 Now I will admonish you the solution to be completely alleviated and

yí qiè nán jiē lí yōu kǔ fó gào mù lián 一 切 難。皆 離 憂 苦。佛 告 目 連。eliminate her sufferings." The Buddha told Maudgalyaya,

shí fāng zhòng shēng yú qī yuè shí wǔ rì 十 方 眾 生 。於 七 月 十 五 日。 "On the fifteenth day of the seventh lunar month, when the Sangha from the ten directions

sēng zì zì shí dāng wéi qī shì fù mǔ jí 僧 自 恣 時。當 爲 七 世 父 母。及
Conduct pravāraṇā (forgiveness day after raining season) you should make

xiàn zài fù mǔ è nán zhōng zhě jù fàn bǎi 現 在 父 母。厄 難 中 者。具 飯 百 offerings to the Sangha from ten directions by placing the following items

wèi wǔ guǒ jí guan pén qì xiāng yóu dìng zhú 味 五 果 。 汲 灌 盆 器。 香 油 錠 燭。 in bowls such as rice, dishes with many flavors, five kinds of fruits, picther,

chuáng fū wò jù jìn shì gān měi yǐ zhù pén 床 敷 臥 具。盡 世 甘 美。以 著 盆 incenses, oil, lamps, candles, and bedding. zhōng gòng yàng shí fāng dà dé zhòng sēng dāng 中。供養十方大德眾僧。當 On this day all saints which include those who have been meditating

cǐ zhī rì yí qiè shèng zhòng huò zài shān jiān 此 之 日。一 切 聖 眾 。或 在 山 間 in the mountains, attained the the forth fruit (Arahatship),

chán ding huò dé sì dào guǒ huò shù xià jīng 禪 定。或 得 四 道 果。或 樹 下 經 conducting walking meditation under the trees,

xíng huò liù tōng zì zài jiào huà shēng wén yuán 行。或 六 通 自 在。教 化 聲 聞 緣 obtained the six kinds of supernatural power, who have edified others, who are Śravakas or Pratyekabuddhas,

jué huò shí dì pú sà dà rén quán xiàn bǐ 覺。或 十 地 菩 薩 大 人。權 現 比 who are the Bodhisattvas of the tenth bhumi (tenth state), who have provisionally

qiū zài dà zhòng zhōng jiē tong yī xīn shòu bō 丘。在 大 眾 中。皆 同 一 心。受 鉢 manifested as bhiksus (Buddhist monks), all of those among the great Sangha,

hé luó fàn jù qīng jìng jiè shèng zhòng zhī 和 羅 飯。具 清 淨 戒。 聖 眾 之 will be gathering a crowd, with an unified mind, to receive the bowl (patra) of rice.

dào qí dé wāng yáng qí yǒu gòng yàng cǐ děng 道。其 德 汪 洋。其 有 供 養 此 等 These saints who closely observe the pure precepts and follow the path of holy Sangha establish well in virtue as wide as an immense ocean.

zì zì sēng zhě xiàn shì fù mǔ liù qīn juàn 自 恣 僧 者。現 世 父 母。六 親 眷 Those who make such offerings, their parents and the relatives of current generation will be

shǔ dé chū sān tú zhī kǔ yīng shí jié tuō 屬。得出三途之苦。應時解脱。 alleviated from the suffering of the three woeful realms (hell, hungry ghost and animal kingdom) and will naturally

yī shí zì rán ruò fù mǔ xiàn zài zhě fú 衣食自然。若父母現在者。福receive food and clothes. If their parents are still alive, they will enjoy fortune

lè bǎi nián ruò qī shì fù mǔ shēng tiān zì 樂 百 年。若 七 世 父 母 生 天。自 and joy for many years to come. Moreover, their parents of the past seven generations will be reborn in the realm of heavens and capable

zài huà shēng rù tiān huā guāng shí fó chì shí 在 化 生 。入 夭 華 光 。時 佛 敕 十 of transformation, entering into the light of celestial flowers and receiving immeasurable joy."

fāng zhòng sēng jiē xiān wéi shī zhǔ jiā zhòu yuàn 方 眾 僧。皆 先 為 施 主 家 咒 願。
The Buddha instructed the Sangha, prior to receive the offerings to recite mantras and vows for the donor's family

yuàn qī shì fù mǔ xíng chán dìng yì rán hòu 願 七 世 父 母。行 禪 定 意。然 後 such that their parents of the past seven generations will reach *dhyāna* (absorption) through meditation. Before the monastic

shòu shí chū shòu shí shí xiān ān zài fó qián 受食。初受食時。先安在佛前。taking food, they should first offer [the food] to the Buddha or the Buddhas

tǎ sì zhōng fó qián zhòng sēng zhòu yuàn jìng 塔 寺 中 佛 前。 眾 僧 咒 願 竟。 enshrined in pagodas and monasteries. When the monastic assebly has finished

shí ěr shí biàn shòu mù lián bĭ aiū ΖÌ 受 食。爾 時 E 連 便 比 丘。及 reciting the mantras and vows they may then take the meal. At that time, Bhiksu Maudgalyayana

dà pú sà zhòng jiē dà huān xǐ mù lián bēi 大 菩 薩 眾 。皆 大 歡 喜。目 連 悲 and the great Bodhisattvas are all rejoiced greatly. Maudgalyayana's grieved

tí qì shēng shì rán chú miè shí mù lián mǔ 啼 泣 聲 。釋 然 除 滅。時 目 連 母。 weeping dissipated and dispelled. On the same day, Maudgalyayana's mother was

jí yú shì rì dé tuō yī jié è guǐ zhī kǔ 即 於 是 日。得 脱 一 劫 餓 鬼 之 苦。liberated from the suffering in the realm of hungry ghost for one *kalpa* (aeon).

mù lián fù bái fó yán dì zǐ suǒ shēng fù 目 連 復 白 佛 言。弟 子 所 生 父 Maudgalyayana then asked the Buddha, "The mother, who gave birth to me, your disciple,

mǔ dé méng sān bǎo gōng dé zhī lì zhòng sēng 母。得 蒙 三 實 功 德 之 力。 眾 僧 is able to receive the meritorious power of Triple Gems because of the strength

wēi shén zhī lì gù ruò wèi lái shì yí qiè 威神之力故。若未來世。一切 of the supernatural powers of Assembly of monastic.

fó dì zǐ yì yīng fèng yú lán pén jiù dù 佛 弟 子。亦 應 奉 盂 蘭 盆。救 度 Is it possible if all the Buddhist disciples alleviate their parents

fù mŭ năi xiàn zài zhì shì fù mǔ qī kě 在 母。乃 至 世 父 母。可 現 父 セ even up to the parents from the past seven generations by

wéi ěr fǒu 為爾不。 offering Yu-Lan bowls?"

fó yán dà shàn kuài wèn wǒ zhèng yù shuō rǔ 佛 言。大 善 快 問。我 正 欲 説。汝 The Buddha replied, "What a marvelous question. I was just going to address

jīn fù wèn shàn nán zǐ ruò yǒu bǐ qiū bǐ 今 復 問 。善 男 子。若 有 比 丘 比 what you have asked. A good clansman, where bhiksus,bhiksunis

qiū ní guó wáng tài zǐ dà chén zǎi xiàng sān 丘 尼。國 王 太 子。大 臣 宰 相 。三 kings, princes, great ministers, chancellors, nobility of the three grades,

gōng bǎi guān wàn mín shù rén xíng cí xiào 公 百 官。萬 民 庶 人。行 慈 孝 offcials in the hundreds, citizens by the thousands, or any commoners who practice filial pitty out of love on the fifteenth day

zhě jiē yīng xiān wéi suǒ shēng xiàn zài fù mǔ 者。皆 應 先 為 所 生 現 在 父 母。 of the seventh lunar month when the Sangha from the ten directions

guò qù qī shì fù mǔ yú qī yuè shí wǔ 過 去 七 世 父 母。於 七 月 十 五 condcut pravāraṇā (forgiveness day after raining season) -

rì fó huān xǐ rì sēng zì zì rì yǐ bǎi 日。佛 歡 喜 日。僧 自 恣 日。以 百 the Buddha rejoice day, they should offer Yu-Lan bowls which

wèi yǐn shí ān yú lán pén zhōng shī shí fāng 味 飲 食 安 盂 蘭 盆 中 。施 十 方 contains food with many savory flavors to the Sangha of the ten directions.

zì zì sēng yuàn shǐ xiàn zài fù mǔ shòu mìng 自 恣 僧。願 使 現 在 父 母。壽 命 Their parents of current generation will be blessed with longevity without sickness

bǎi nián wú bìng wú yí qiè kǔ nǎo zhī huàn 百 年 無 病。無 一 切 苦 惱 之 患。 and suffering. Even up to the parents of the past seven generations will be

shēng năi zhì qī shì fù mŭ lí è quĭ kŭ 父 母 離 餓鬼苦。生 乃 至 七世 freed from the suffering from being hungry ghosts but either reborn in human

tiān rén zhōng fú lè wú jí shì fó dì zǐ 天 人 中 。福 樂 無 極。是 佛 弟 子。 or heaven realms where fortune and happiness are unlimited. The disciples

xiū xiào shùn zhě yīng niàn niàn zhōng cháng yì 修 孝 順 者。應 念 忠 中 。常 憶 of the Buddha who cultivate filial obedience should constantly recollect their

shì fù mǔ nián fù mŭ năi zhì qī nián qī 世父母。年 t 父 母。乃 年 至 parents of current generation even up to the parents of the past seven generations.

yuè shí wǔ rì cháng yǐ xiào cí yì suǒ shēng 月 十 五 日。常 以 孝 慈。憶 所 生 On the fifteenth day of the seventh lunar month every year, they should recollect their parents

fù mǔ wéi zuò yú lán pén shī fó jí sēng 父母。為作盂蘭盆。施佛及僧。 and cultivate filial obedie-nce out of love and offer Yu-Lan bowls to the Buddha

mǔ cháng yǎng cí ài fù zhī ۷ľ ēn ruò 兹 爱 之恩。若 報 父 母 長 養 以 and Sangha in order to repay the kindness of their parents who have raised and nourished them

yí qiè fó dì zǐ yīng dāng fèng chí shì fǎ 一 切 佛 弟 子。應 當 奉 持 是 法。
All of the disciples of the Buddha should uphold this law (Dharma)."

bèi dì zǐ bĭ shí lián aiū sì huān mù ΧĬ 董 弟 子。 肼 俥 比丘。四 歡 E At that time, Bhiksu Maudgalyayana and the four-pair saintly disciples, upon hearing what the Buddha had said, were all filled with great joy

fèng xíng 奉 行。 and practiced it with delight. fó shuō yú lán pén jīng 佛 說 盂 蘭 盆 經

Yulan Bowl Sutra (Ullambana Sutra)

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dú yuán dà mù jiān lián shǐ dé liù tōng gěi qū 園。大 目 得 給 孤 獨 犍 連 始 六 诵。 Anathapindika's Park. The great Maudgalyayana had just obtained the six supernatural powers

fù bào rǔ bǔ zhī dù mů yù ēn jí γĭ dào 度 父 母。報 乳哺之 恩。即 欲 以 道 and desired to repay his parents for their nursing by librating them.

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dào qí dé wāng yáng qí yǒu gòng yàng cǐ děng 道。其德汪泽。其有供養此等 These saints who closely observe the pure precepts and follow the path of holy Sangha establish well in virtue as wide as an immense ocean.

zì zì sēng zhě xiàn shì fù mǔ liù qīn juàn 自 恣 僧 者。現 世 父 母。六 親 眷 Those who make such offerings, their parents and the relatives of current generation will be

shǔ dé chū sān tú zhī kǔ yīng shí jié tuō 屬。得出三途之苦。應時解脱。 alleviated from the suffering of the three woeful realms (hell, hungry ghost and animal kingdom) and will naturally

shí rán ruò fù mŭ xiàn zài zhě γī zì fú 然。若 父 現在者。福 自 母 衣 receive food and clothes. If their parents are still alive, they will enjoy fortune

mǔ shēng tiān Ιè băi nián ruò αī shì fù zì 年。若七世父母 樂 百 生 天。 自 and joy for many years to come. Moreover, their parents of the past seven generations will be reborn in the realm of heavens and capable

zài huà shēng rù tiān huā guāng shí fó chì shí 在 化 生 。入 夭 華 光 。時 佛 敕 十 of transformation, entering into the light of celestial flowers and receiving immeasurable joy."

fāng zhòng sēng jiē xiān wéi shī zhǔ jiā zhòu yuàn 方 眾 僧。皆 先 為 施 主 家 咒 願。 The Buddha instructed the Sangha, prior to receive the offerings to recite *mantras* and vows for the donor's family

yuàn qī shì fù mǔ xíng chán dìng yì rán hòu 願 七 世 父 母。行 禪 定 意。然 後 such that their parents of the past seven generations will reach *dhyāna* (absorption) through meditation. Before the monastic

shòu shí chū shòu shí shí xiān ān zài fó qián 受食。初受食時。先安在佛前。taking food, they should first offer [the food] to the Buddha or the Buddhas

tǎ sì zhōng fó qián zhòng sēng zhòu yuàn jìng 塔 寺 中 佛 前。 眾 僧 咒 願 竟。 enshrined in pagodas and monasteries. When the monastic assebly has finished

biàn shí ěr shí mù zì shòu lián bĭ qiū 食。爾 時 便 受 E 連 tt. 丘。及 reciting the mantras and vows they may then take the meal. At that time, Bhiksu Maudgalyayana

dà pú sà zhòng jiē dà huān xǐ mù lián bēi 大 菩 薩 眾 。皆 大 歡 喜。目 連 悲 and the great Bodhisattvas are all rejoiced greatly. Maudgalyayana's grieved

tí qì shēng shì rán chú miè shí mù lián mǔ 啼 泣 聲 。釋 然 除 滅 。時 目 連 母。 weeping dissipated and dispelled. On the same day, Maudgalyayana's mother was

jí yú shì rì dé tuō yī jié è guǐ zhī kǔ 即 於 是 日。得 脱 一 劫 餓 鬼 之 苦。liberated from the suffering in the realm of hungry ghost for one *kalpa* (aeon).

mù lián fù bái fó yán dì zǐ suǒ shēng fù 目 連 復 白 佛 言。弟 子 所 生 父 Maudgalyayana then asked the Buddha, "The mother, who gave birth to me, your disciple,

mǔ dé méng sān bǎo gōng dé zhī lì zhòng sēng 母。得 蒙 三 實 功 德 之 力。 眾 僧 is able to receive the meritorious power of Triple Gems because of the strength

gù ruò wèi wēi shén zhī Ιì lái shì νí aiè 力故。若未 來 威 Ż 神 世。一 切 of the supernatural powers of Assembly of monastic.

yīng fèng yú fó dì ΖĬ vì lán pén dù jiù 蘭 盆。救 佛 弟 子。亦 應 奉 盂 度 Is it possible if all the Buddhist disciples alleviate their parents

xiàn zài fù mǔ nǎi zhì qī shì fù mǔ kě 現 在 父 母。乃 至 七 世 父 母。可even up to the parents from the past seven generations by

wéi ěr fǒu 為爾不。 offering Yu-Lan bowls?"

fó yán dà shàn kuài wèn wǒ zhèng yù shuō rǔ 佛 言。大 善 快 問。我 正 欲 説。汝 The Buddha replied, "What a marvelous question. I was just going to address

jīn fù wèn shàn nán zǐ ruò yǒu bǐ qiū bǐ 今 復 問 。善 男 子 。若 有 比 丘 比 what you have asked. A good clansman, where bhiksus,bhiksunis

qiū ní guó wáng tài zǐ dà chén zǎi xiàng sān 丘 尼。國 王 太 子。大 臣 宰 相 。三 kings, princes, great ministers, chancellors, nobility of the three grades,

gōng bǎi guān wàn mín shù rén xíng cí xiào 公百官。萬民庶人。行慈孝 offcials in the hundreds, citizens by the thousands, or any commoners who practice filial pitty out of love on the fifteenth day

zhě jiē yīng xiān wéi suǒ shēng xiàn zài fù mǔ 者。皆 應 先 為 所 生 現 在 父 母。 of the seventh lunar month when the Sangha from the ten directions

guò qù qī shì fù mǔ yú qī yuè shí wǔ 過 去 七 世 父 母。於 七 月 十 五 condcut pravāraṇā (forgiveness day after raining season) -

χĭ fó rì sēng zì rì huān γĭ băi ΖÌ rì 喜 歡 日。僧自 次 日。佛 日。以 百 the Buddha rejoice day, they should offer Yu-Lan bowls which

wèi yǐn shí ān yú lán pén zhōng shī shí fāng 味 飲 食 安 盂 蘭 盆 中 。施 十 方 contains food with many savory flavors to the Sangha of the ten directions.

zì zì sēng yuàn shǐ xiàn zài fù mǔ shòu mìng 自 恣 僧。願 使 現 在 父 母。壽 命 Their parents of current generation will be blessed with longevity without sickness

bǎi nián wú bìng wú yí qiè kǔ nǎo zhī huàn 百 年 無 病 。 無 一 切 苦 惱 之 患 。 and suffering. Even up to the parents of the past seven generations will be

mŭ guĭ năi zhì αī shì fù lí è kŭ shēng 餓 鬼 苦。 父 母 離 乃 至 七世 freed from the suffering from being hungry ghosts but either reborn in human

tiān rén zhōng fú lè wú jí shì fó dì zǐ 天 人 中 。福 樂 無 極。是 佛 弟 子。 or heaven realms where fortune and happiness are unlimited. The disciples

xiū xiào shùn zhě yīng niàn niàn zhōng cháng yì 修 孝 順 者。應 念 念 中 。常 憶 of the Buddha who cultivate filial obedience should constantly recollect their

fù năi fù mŭ mů zhì qī shì nián nián qī 至 父母。年 父 母。乃 七世 年 + parents of current generation even up to the parents of the past seven generations. yuè shí wǔ rì cháng yǐ xiào cí yì suǒ shēng 月 十 五 日。常 以 孝 慈。億 所 生 On the fifteenth day of the seventh lunar month every year, they should recollect their parents

fù mǔ wéi zuò yú lán pén shī fó jí sēng 父母。為作盂蘭盆。施佛及僧。 and cultivate filial obedie-nce out of love and offer Yu-Lan bowls to the Buddha

mǔ cháng yǎng cí ài bào fù zhī ēn γĭ ruò 報 父 母 長 養 慈 爱 Ż 恩。若 以 and Sangha in order to repay the kindness of their parents who have raised and nourished them

yí qiè fó dì zǐ yīng dāng fèng chí shì fǎ 一 切 佛 弟 子。應 當 奉 持 是 法。All of the disciples of the Buddha should uphold this law (Dharma)."

shí mù lián bĭ qiū sì bèi dì ΖĬ huān χĭ 畫 弟子。 丘。四 時 tt. 歡 連 E At that time, Bhiksu Maudgalyayana and the four-pair saintly disciples, upon hearing what the Buddha had said, were all filled with great joy

fèng xíng 奉 行。 and practiced it with delight.

誦報恩咒四十九遍

Recite the Incantation of Repaying the Buddha's Kindness 49 times.

duō mó mì Ιì duō pó yè shā ná hē 多。哆 栗 婆曳莎訶。 南 無 察 起立(arise) 煞鼓一陣 (sound of drum)

主法祝云 (大眾不唱) (Intonation by the Celebrant)

wǒ děng tóng xiào zhì xíng jìng tử xiū yīn 志 修 我 筙 同 孝 行 淨 土 因 With the same filial aspirations, we practice for the causes for [rebirth in] the Pure Land.

chàn chú sān zhàng zuì bào dá èr qīn ēn 懺 罪 答 報 恩 除 Ξ 親 We repent to remove the three obstructive transgressions and to repay the kindness of parents.

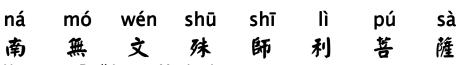
cún zhě huò fú shòu wáng zhě dé chāo shēng 存 者 獲 福 壽 亡 者 得 超 昇 [May] the living obtain happiness and longevity and the deceased get transcendence.

tóng shēng ān lè guó dù jìn zhòng yuān qīn 同 生安樂國 度盡 眾 冤 親
[May] we all be reborn in the Kingdom of Peace and Nurture to deliver all those beloved and opposed ones.

煞鼓一陣 (sound of drum)

(以下六聖號周而復始稱念三遍) (The following 6 names to be recited one after another three times.) ná mó běn shī shì 師 函 太 糔

Homage to our root Teacher the Shakyamuni Buddha



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fó

佛

Homage to Bodhisattva Manjusri

рú ná mó mí lè sà 無 笞 籏 钃 圅 勒

Homage to Bodhisattva Maitreya

mó shí zhū fó ná fāng +方 佛 南 無 諸

Homage to the buddhas of the ten directions

shí ná mó fāng sà рú 南 無 +方 旌

Homage to the bodhisattvas of the ten directions

mó lán pén gǐ jiào dà mù jiān lián zūn zhě ná 啓 教 籣 大 E 犍 連 菓 南 者

Homage to Ven. Mahamaudgalyayana, who initiated the teaching of the Ullambana

三 皈 依Three Refuges

1 1 1 1 fó zì dāng yuàn zhòng shēng guī yī 佛 目 飯 依 0 I take refuge in Buddha, wishing all sentient beings,

1 \bigcirc | | 1 1 tĭ iiě dà dào fā shàng wú xīn 體 解 大 道 쬹 無 3

to understand the Great Doctrine and make the superlative resolve.





 \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ tŏng zhòng yí ài Ιĭ dà qiè wú 练 理 衆 大 0 切 to harmonize multitudes in general, without any obstruction whatsoever,

hé nán shèng zhòng 和 南 聖 衆 o and to respect the sacred Sangha.

三皈依盡 三拜而退

After taking three refuges, bow down three times and leave.

shàng lán pén gòng 上 蘭 盆 供 Offering the Ullambana Sutra

蘭盆讚 Praises of Yulan Bowl

蘭	盆	會	qĭ	普	度	mén ፆዓ	kāi 僻	ce is open.
恭	迺	Ξ	bǎo jiàn	鼯	lái 來	,	1101	\circ I \circ I
_	yí one, the	坐		〇 l tái 台 of flowers			O 0)
唯	願	cí 慈	〇 〇 āi 表 sion accept i	shòu 受	wǒ r 我	妙	iāng i	亷
南	無	齊 化	ong yàng 大 養 dhisattvas o	苔	sà 隆	mó 摩	hē 訶	◎ ○ sà 隓 (三唱)

大眾長跪 (All kneel down)

正表(維那)白文(大眾不唱) Intonation by the Chanting Master gōng wén fǎ shēn cháng jì běn wú aù γĭ wú 恭 聞 。法 身 常 寂。 本 無 夫 VX 無 I respectfully hear that the Dharmakaya is eternally quiescent, the nature of which is of no going for it is of no coming.

lái miào zhì yuán róng shí fēi kōng ér fēi sè 來。妙智圓融。實非空而非色。 The wonderful wisdom is complete and perfect, indeed neither of emptiness nor of form.

líng míng jué dài jué hǎi nàn liàng fǔ rùn mí 靈 明 絶 待。覺 海 難 量。俯 潤 迷 Luminous and absolute is the ocean of enlightenment which is immeasurable. He stoops

mēng shí zhāng yǐng xiǎng jīn shǔ rú lái huān 蒙 。 時 彰 影 響 。 今 屬 如 來 歡 to nurture the strayed and the deluded and his influence is manifested from time to time, which belongs to the Tathagata.

xǐ sēng zhòng zì zì dāng wéi qī shì fù mǔ 喜。僧 眾 自 恣。當 為 七 世 父 母。 Happy is the Pravarana Sangha. We should set up the Ullambana of a

shī shè bǎi wèi lán pén yí zūn chōng guó xiào 施 設 百 味 蘭 盆。儀 遵 充 國。孝 hundred flavors for our parents of past seven generations to emulate

xiào mù lián shǔ jì wéi xīng jué wáng sī gé 效 目 連 黍 稷 唯 馨 。覺 王 斯 格。 Maudgalyayana's filial piety. May the King of Enlightenment

yuàn jiàng cí guāng shòu wǒ gòng yàng 願降慈光。受我供養。 bestow loving light to accept our offering.

(維那) 正表自己一拜·大眾起立 (arise) 煞鼓一陣

正表(維那)呼(大眾不唱) Intonation by the Chanting Master

sān shēn rú lái (3 times)

三 身 如 來 (三呼三拜三擂鼓 最後一拜起立後 問訊 煞鼓三陣) The three Kayas of the Tathagatas. (3 times, 3 prostrates)

主法者至佛前準備獻供(the Celebrant goes to the front altar for offering)

主法者 獻供(offering by the Celebran.)

(大眾同唱)

dà xióng chū shì tóng fù zhāi yú shě wèi chéng 大雄 出世。同赴 齋於舍衛 城 He of the Great Might appearing in the world comes to Shravasti

zhōng zhèng fǎ shī xíng gòng yìng gòng yú nì 中 。 正 法 施 行 。 共 應 供 於 匿 to accept the meal offering. The right Dharma is prevailing while he accepts the offering

wáng gōng nèi jì suí jī ér xiàn xiāng yì pǔ 王 宮 内。既 隨 機 而 現 相 。亦 普 in the palace of King Prasenajit. He manifests in response to the occasions and also

jì yú qún shēng 濟於群生。 universally delivers sentient beings.

jīn chén zhòng děng jĭn shè lán pén zhì xīn 等。謹 設 蘭 盆。志 今 眾 辰 12 At this time we the assembly, with the respectfully prepared Ullambana, prostrate

dǐng lǐ zhuān shēn fèng xiàn qiān huá tái shàng 頂 禮。專 申 奉 獻。千 華 台 上。 with a resolute mind to make an offering with devotion. On the platform of a thousand

bǎi bǎo guāng zhōng sān shí èr xiāng zhī néng 百 實 光 中 。 三 十 二 相 之 能 lotuses in the light of a hundred gems are the Able Persons of thirty-two marks,

rén bā shí zhǒng hǎo zhī dà jué jìn shí fāng 仁。八 十 種 好 之 大 覺。盡 十 方。 the Great Enlightenment of eighty good qualities, who are prevailing in the

biàn fǎ jiè guò xiàn wèi lái wú liàng fó bǎo 遍 法 界。過 現 未 來 無 量 佛 寶 。 Dharma Realm of the ten directions. May the immeasurable Buddha Jewel of the past, present and future,

wéi yuàn bù shě cí bēi shòu sī gòng yàng 唯 願 不 捨 慈 悲。 受 斯 供 養 。 out of compassion, have pity on the sentient being and accept this offering at this moment of today.

起立(arise) 煞鼓一陣

ná mó lián zuò tiān rén shī 南 無 蓮 座 天 人 師

Homage to the Teacher of the Heavenly and Human Beings on the lotus platform

wēi dé duān yán wú yǔ děng 威 德 端 嚴 無 與 等 whose power and merit are of no equal. wéi yuàn fó bǎo dà cí bēi 唯 願 佛 寶 大 慈 悲

May the jewels of buddhas out of great compassion

shòu cǐ yú lán pén gòng yàng 受 我 盂 籣 盆 供 養 accept my offering of Ullambana.

ná mó xiāng shuǐ hǎi huá zàng jiè lán pén gòng 南 無 香 水 海 華 織 界。蘭 盆 供 Homage to the ocean of fragrance and the Realm of Flower Treasury.

xiàn zhēn rú fó tuó yē 獻 真 如 佛 陀 耶。

The Ullambana is offered to the true Tathagata Buddha.

長跪(All kneel down) 煞鼓鈸 (sound of drum)

jīn chén zhòng děng jǐn shè lán pén zhì xīn 今 辰 眾 等 。 謹 設 蘭 盆 。 志 心 At this time we the assembly, with the respectfully prepared Ullambana, prostrate with

dǐng lǐ zhuān shēn fèng xiàn xī gān zhú guó 頂 禮。專 申 奉 獻。西 乾 竺 國。 a resolute mind to make an offering with devotion. From the Western Indian country,

bái mǎ tuó lái xiū duō luó liǎo yì shàng chéng 白 馬 馱 來。修 多 羅 了 義 上 乘。 carried over by the white horse are the sutras of absolute meanings of the superior vehicle

shí èr bù zhēn kōng miào diǎn jìn shí fāng biàn 十二部真空妙典。盡十方。遍 and the wonderful texts of true emptiness, ubiquitous in the ten directions and prevailing in

quò xiàn wèi lái wú liàng fǎ fă jiè bǎo wéi 界。 调 未 寶 法 現 來 無 量 法 唯 the Dharma Realm. May the immeasurable Dharma Jewel of the past, present and future,

yuàn bù shě cí bēi shòu sī gòng yàng 願 不 捨 慈 悲。 受 斯 供 養 out of compassion, accept this offering at this moment of today.

起立(arise) 煞鼓一陣

受

ná mó xiāng shuǐ hǎi huá zàng jiè lán pén gòng **南 無 香 水 海 華 織 界 。 蘭 盆 供** Homage to the ocean of fragrance and the Realm of Flower Treasury. The Ullambana

籣

盆

供

養

xiàn hǎi zàng dá mó yē 獻海藏達摩耶

址

accept this Ullambana offering.

is offered to the Dharma boundless treasury as the ocean.

長跪(All kneel down) 煞鼓一陣 (sound of drum)
jīn chén zhòng děng jǐn shè lán pén zhì xīn
今 辰 眾 等 。謹 設 蘭 盆 。 志 心
At this time we the assembly, with the respectfully prepared Ullambana,

dǐng lǐ zhuān shēn fèng xiàn sān míng bā jiě 項 禮。專 申 奉 獻。三 明 八 解。 prostrate with a resolute mind to make an offering with devotion. Those with three types of knowledge, eight kinds of liberation,

wǔ guǒ liù tōng fēn shēn yú cǐ jiè tā fāng 五果六通。分身於此界他方。 five fruitions and six supernormal powers emanate themselves to this and other worlds.

yìng gòng yú rén jiān tiān shàng jìn shí fāng 應 供 於 人 間 天 上 。 盡 十 方 。 They come to accept the offering in the human and heavenly worlds, ubiquitous in the ten directions

biàn fǎ jiè guò xiàn wèi lái wú liàng sēng bǎo 遍 法 界。過 現 未 來 無 量 僧 寶。 and prevailing in the Dharma Realm. May the immeasurable Sangha Jewel of the past, present, and future,

wéi yuàn bù shě cí bēi shòu sī gòng yàng 唯 願 不 捨 慈 悲。 受 斯 供 養 。 out of compassion, accept this offering at this moment of today.

起立(arise) 煞鼓一陣(sound of drum)

Homage to the liberated one, noblest of all,

zhān tán lín nèi chéng xīn zhě 柄 檀 林 内 澄 心 者

whose minds are pure in the Candana Woods.



chéng yì fāng fó xiàn qián shēn zhū yīn 誠 意 艘 前 方 諸 佛 現 身 As our sincerity becomes intense, the buddhas appear in full manifestation. ná mó xiāng yún gài рú sà mó hē sà 蓔 菩 薩 塺 薩 無 杏 訶 南 Homage to the Great Bodhisattvas of Canopy of the Incense Clouds. ná mó xiāng yún gài рú sà mó hē sà 蓔 塺 薩 薩 南 無 訶 Homage to the Great Bodhisattvas of Canopy of the Incense Clouds. \blacksquare \bigcirc \square sà ná mó xiāng yún gài рú mó hē sà 菩 蓔 薩 塺 薩 無 南 訶 Homage to the Great Bodhisattvas of Canopy of the Incense Clouds. mó líng shān huì shàng fó рú sà (3 times) ná 菩 佛 薩 (三 稱) 南 無 靈 山 上 會 Homage to buddhas and bodhisattvas at the Assembly at Mountain Vultures. (Three times) (以下接連十九聖號周而復始稱念三遍) (The following 19 names to be recited one after another three times.) fó cháng zhù ná shí fāng mó 十 佛 南 無 仹 方 Homage to the ever-abiding buddhas of the ten directions cháng zhù shí fāng fă ná mó 十 南 無 仹 方 决

Homage to the ever-abiding dharmas of the ten directions

ná mó cháng zhù shí fāng sēng 南 無 常 住 十 方 僧 Homage to the ever-abiding sanghas of the ten directions

běn shī shì móu ní fó ná mó jiā 師 釋 南 太 迦 牟 尼 佛 無 Homage to the root Teacher the Shakymuni Buddha

ná mó yào shī liú Ιí guāng fó 南 無 藥 師 琦 光 佛 瑶 Homage to the Medicine Buddha Lapus Lazuli

ná mó guò qù jué huá dìng zì zài wáng fó 南 無 過 去 覺 華 定 自 在 王 佛 Homage to Enlightenment-Flower Samadhi Self-Mastery King of the past

ná mó qīng jìng lián huā mù fó 清 蓮 花 南 無 淨 佛 E Homage to the Buddha of Pure Lotus Eyes

ná mó duō bǎo rú lái 南 無 多 實 如 來 Homage to the Tathagata of Numerous Jewels

ná mó bǎo shèng rú lái 南 無 寶 勝 如 來 Homage to the Tathagato of Superb Jewels

ná mó miào sè shēn rú lái 南 無 妙 色 身 如 來 Homage to the Tathagata of Wonderful Form of Body

guǎng lái ná mó bó shēn rú 南 無 博 身 來 如 庿 Homage to the Tathagata of Vast and **Broad Body**

ná mó lí bù wèi rú lái 南 無 離 怖 畏 如 來

Homage to the Dread-Free Tathagata

ná mó gān lù wáng rú lái 南 無 甘 露 王 如 來

Homage to the Tathagata of Nectar

ná mó ā mí tuó rú lái 南 無 阿 彌 陀 如 來

Homage to the Tathagata Amitabha

jiān guǎng dà wēi dé zì zài guāng míng rú ná mó shì lái 威 德 間 庿 大 自 在 光 來 南無 明 如 # Homage to the Luminant Tathagata, who is vast, powerful, and self-mastery in the World

ná mó fó shuō yú lán pén jīng 南 無 佛 説 盂 蘭 盆 經 Homage to the Ullambana Sutra Spoken by the Buddha

zàng wáng dà dì ná mó CÍ рú sà 菩 慈 藏 南 無 大 地 Ŧ. Homage to the Great Compassionate Bodhisattva of Earth Treasury

ná mó dà bēi quān shì sà vīn рú 悲 世 音 菩 南 觀 大 Homage to the Great Compassionate Bodhisattva Avalokiteshivara

ná mó dà shì zhì pú sà 南 無 大 勢 至 菩 薩 Homage to the Bodhisattva Mahasthamaprapta

ná mó hù fă zhū tiān рú sà 南 諸 莝 薩 血 護 法 天

Homage to Dharma-Protecting Bodhisattvas of Heavenly Deities

shèng zhòng ná qié lán рú mó sà 菩 藍 眾 薩 聖 南 無 伽 Homage to the Bodhisattvas of the Noble Guardians of the Temples

ná mó lì dài zŭ shī рú sà 代 菩 薩 南 歷 袓 師 無 Homage to the Bodhisattva Patriarchs of past generations

gǔ wǎng zì yuán jué shēng wén sēng mó zì ná 覺 古 次 緣 罄 聞 南 無 往 自 Homage to the atoned pratyekabuddhas and the sravakas in the past

dà xiào ná mó mù iiān lián zūn zhě 尊 南 無 大 孝 目 犍 連 者 Homage to Ven. Mahamaudgalyayana of Great Filial Piety

shèng fán yōu xiǎn zūn shén ná mó sān jiè 南 界 尊 \equiv 無 聖 A. 幽 綇 Homage to in the respected spirits of the three realms,, enlightened and unenlightened as well as invisible and visible.

ná mó cháng zhù shí fāng fó 南 無 常 住 十 方 佛 Homage to the ever-abiding buddhas of the ten directions

cháng fă ná mó zhù shí fāng 十 法 南 無 住 方 Homage to the ever-abiding dharmas of the ten directions cháng zhù shí ná mó fāna sēng

南無常住十方僧 Homage to the ever-abiding sanghas of the ten directions

ná běn shī shì móu ní fó mó iiā 釋 南 無 本 師 拁 牟 尼 佛 Homage to the root Teacher the Shakymuni Buddha

ná liú Ιí guāng fó mó yào shī 藥 師 琉 南 無 光 佛 瑶 Homage to the Medicine Buddha Lapus Lazuli

ná mó guò qù jué huá dìng zì zài wáng fó 南 無 過 去 覺 華 定 自 在 王 佛 Homage to Enlightenment-Flower Samadhi Self-Mastery King of the past

qīng jìng lián fó ná mó huā mù 清 淨 蓮 佛 南 花 E Homage to the Buddha of Pure Lotus Eyes

ná mó duō bǎo rú lái 南 無 多 實 如 來 Homage to the Tathagata of Numerous Jewels

ná mó bǎo shèng rú lái 南 無 實 勝 如 來 Homage to the Tathagato of Superb Jewels

ná mó miào sè shēn rú lái 南 無 妙 色 身 如 來 Homage to the Tathagata of Wonderful Form of Body

ná mó guǎng bó shēn rú lái 南 無 廣 博 身 如 來 Homage to the Tathagata of Vast and Broad Body

ná mó lí bù wèi rú lái 南 無 離 怖 畏 如 來 Homage to the Dread-Free Tathagata

ná mó gān lù wáng rú lái 南 無 甘 露 王 如 來 Homage to the Tathagata of Nectar ná mó ā mí tuó rú lái 南 無 阿 彌 陀 如 來 Homage to the Tathagata Amitabha

jiān guǎng dà wēi ná mó shì dé zì zài quāng míng rú lái 威 間 庿 大 德 自 在 來 光 南無 # 明 如 Homage to the Luminant Tathagata, who is vast, powerful, and self-mastery in the World

fó shuō ná lán mó yú pén jīng 南 佛 説 盂 籣 無 盆 經 Homage to the Ullambana Sutra Spoken by the Buddha

zàng wáng рú dà CÍ ná dì sà mó 兹 菩 南 無 藏 王 薩 大 地 Homage to the Great Compassionate Bodhisattva of Earth Treasury

guān shì ná dà bēi mó vīn рú sà 悲 茁 薩 南 觀 大 世 Homage to the Great Compassionate Bodhisattva Avalokiteshivara

ná mó dà shì zhì pú sà 南 無 大 勢 至 菩 薩 Homage to the Bodhisattva Mahasthamaprapta

fă ná mó hù zhū tiān рú sà 護 法 諸 菩 薩 南 無 天

Homage to Dharma-Protecting Bodhisattvas of Heavenly Deities

ná mó qié lán shèng zhòng pú sà 南 無 伽 藍 聖 眾 菩 薩

Homage to the Bodhisattvas of the Noble Guardians of the Temples

ná mó lì dài zǔ shī pú sà 南 無 歷 代 祖 師 菩 薩 Homage to the Bodhisattva Patriarchs of past generations

gŭ wǎng zì yuán jué shēng wén sēng ná zì mó 覺 聲 次 古 緣 聞 南 無 往 自 Homage to the atoned pratyekabuddhas and the sravakas in the past

ná mó dà xiào mù iiān lián zūn zhě 尊 孝 連 南 無 大 目 犍 者 Homage to Ven. Mahamaudgalyayana of Great Filial Piety

jiè shèng fán yōu xiǎn zūn shén ná mó sān 奠 = 界 南 無 聖 A. 綇 幽 Homage to in the respected spirits of the three realms,, enlightened and unenlightened as well as invisible and visible.

ná mó cháng zhù shí fāng fó 南 無 常 住 十 方 佛 Homage to the ever-abiding buddhas of the ten directions

ná mó cháng zhù shí fāng fǎ 南 無 常 住 十 方 法

Homage to the ever-abiding dharmas of the ten directions

ná mó cháng zhù shí fāng sēng 南 無 常 住 十 方 僧

Homage to the ever-abiding sanghas of the ten directions

běn shī shì fó ná mó jiā móu ní 釋 牟 師 尼 佛 無 拁 南 太 Homage to the root Teacher the Shakymuni Buddha

shī liú Ιí fó ná mó yào guāng 藥 南 無 師 琉 瑶 光 佛 Homage to the Medicine Buddha Lapus Lazuli

ná mó guò qù jué huá dìng zì zài wáng fó 南 無 過 去 覺 華 定 自 在 王 佛 Homage to Enlightenment-Flower Samadhi Self-Mastery King of the past

qīng jìng lián fó ná mó huā mù 清 淨 蓮 花 南 佛 無 E Homage to the Buddha of Pure Lotus Eyes ná mó duō bǎo rú lái 來 南 無 如 Homage to the Tathagata of Numerous Jewels shèng băo ná mó rú lái 簪 胀 來 南 無 如 Homage to the Tathagato of Superb Jewels lái miào sè shēn ná mó rú 妙 色 來 南 無 身 如 Homage to the Tathagata of Wonderful Form of Body guǎng lái ná mó bó shēn rú 博 南 無 庿 身 來 如 Homage to the Tathagata of Vast and Broad Body Ιí bù wèi lái ná mó rú 南 無 畏 來 怖 離 如 Homage to the Dread-Free Tathagata wáng mó lái ná Ιù rú gān 來 廿 王 南 露 無 如 Homage to the Tathagata of Nectar lái ná mó ā mí tuó rú 來 陀 南 彌 無 阿 如 Homage to the Tathagata Amitabha

jiān guǎng dà wēi dé zì zài guāng míng rú shì ná mó lái 間 庿 大 威 德 自 在 光 明 來 南無 世 如 Homage to the Luminant Tathagata, who is vast, powerful, and self-mastery in the World ná fó shuō yú jīng mó lán pén 佛 南 説 盂 巓 無 盆 經 Homage to the Ullambana Sutra Spoken by the Buddha

zàng wáng ná mó dà CÍ dì рú sà 慈 菩 南 藏 薩 地 無 大 E Homage to the Great Compassionate Bodhisattva of Earth Treasury

dà ná mó bēi quān shì yīn рú sà 悲 音 菩 南 # 薩 無 大 觀 Homage to the Great Compassionate Bodhisattva Avalokiteshivara

dà shì zhì ná mó рú sà 勢 菩 南 薩 無 大 至 Homage to the Bodhisattva Mahasthamaprapta fă ná mó hù zhū tiān рú sà 法 南 護 諸 天 莝 血 Homage to Dharma-Protecting Bodhisattvas of Heavenly Deities shèng zhòng ná lán рú mó qié sà

ná mó qié lán shèng zhòng pú sà 南 無 伽 藍 聖 眾 菩 薩 Homage to the Bodhisattvas of the Noble Guardians of the Temples

ná mó Ιì dài zŭ sà shī рú 南 代 袓 菩 薩 歷 師 無 Homage to the Bodhisattva Patriarchs of past generations

ná mó gǔ wǎng zì zì yuán jué shēng wén sēng 南 無 古 往 自 恣 緣 覺 聲 聞 僧 Homage to the atoned pratyekabuddhas and the sravakas in the past

ná mó dà xiào mù jiān lián zūn zhě 南 孝 者 尊 無 大 目 犍 連 Homage to Ven. Mahamaudgalyayana of Great Filial Piety

ná mó sān jiè shèng fán yōu xiǎn zūn shén 南 無 三 界 聖 凡 幽 顯 尊 神 Homage to in the respected spirits of the three realms,, enlightened and unenlightened as well as invisible and visible.

變食真言 Food Conversion Mantra

(Recite the true words of food transformation 3 times)

ná mó sà wá dá tuō yé duō wá Ιú zhī 薩 誐 多○嚩 曩 嚩 怛 他 嚧 謨 枳 sān bá là dì sān bá là hòng (3 times) ān 帝。��。三 跋 囉。三 跋 囉 吽○(三遍)

甘露水真言 Amrta Mantra

mó sū dá tuō ná Ιū рó yē yē duō yē 蘇 曩 嚕 婆 耶。但 他 耶 謨 耶 zhí tuō dá ān sū lū sū Ιū bō Ιà sū 他。唵。蘇 嚕 蘇 嚕。鉢 怛 姪 蘇 Ιū bō Ιà sū Ιū suō pó hē (3 times) 蘇嚕。娑婆訶。 (三遍) 嚕 囉 缽

供養偈 Offering Gatha

cǐ shí sè xiāng wèi shàng gòng shí fāng fó 此食色香味。上供十方佛。 This food with forms and flavors, we offer to all Buddhas above

zhōng fèng zhū shèng xián xià jí liù dào pǐn 中 奉 諸 聖 賢。下及六道品。 And to all saints and sages and to all beings in the six existences děng shī wú chā bié suí yuàn jiē bǎo mǎn 等 施 無 差 別。隨 願 皆 飽 滿。 Donated without discrimination to fill all as much as they desire

lìng jīn shī zhě dé wú liàng bō luó mì 令 今 施 者 得 ® 無 量 波 羅 蜜 ® In order that the present donors may gain unlimited Paramita

sān dé liù wèi gòng fó jí sēng fǎ jiè 三 德 六 味 。 供 佛 及 僧 。 法 界 In three qualities and six savors, we offer to Buddhas and Sanghas

yǒu qíng pǔ tóng gòng yàng 有 情 o 普 同 供 養 o

And sentient beings in the Dharmaksetra this universal offering.

普供養真言 Universal-Donation Mantra

ān yé yé năng sān pó wá fá rì là hòng 唵。誐 誐 曩。三 婆 嚩。伐 日 囉 斛。 ⑤ (3 times)(三遍)

南無大乘常住三寶(三遍)

nán wú dà chéng cháng zhù sān bǎo (3 times)

大圓滿覺 應跡西乾 心包太虚 量周沙界 盂蘭盆法會消災吉祥功德文疏

上來今有 盂蘭盆法會 消災吉祥功德文疏 所有意文 弟子虔誠 對佛被宣 大圓鏡中 俯垂朗鑑

伏以 法海源深 良田彌廣 投善種以滋培 植慧苗而增秀

爰有 一泗天下 南瞻部洲 美國 紐約州 博特南郡 卡梅爾鎮 三〇一公路 二〇二〇號 美國佛教會 莊嚴寺

東釋迦如來遺教奉行 主修功德法事沙門 菩提 今據原籍 美國境內豎境外人士 奉佛修齋 兹逢盂蘭盆法會之期 啓建消災超度道場 佛光注照 植福延齡弟子 美國佛教會全體僧衆 各姓董事 各姓職員 盂蘭盆法會各項功德主

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盂蘭盆法會全體義工

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莊嚴寺各姓功德主 各姓護法 各姓義工 光明燈功德主 每逢法會 消災 點燈 供齋 豎 各項功德主 旣領合會衆等 是日沐手焚香 至心皈叩

南無娑婆教主本師釋師牟尼文佛南無消災延壽藥師如來 南無極樂世界阿彌陀佛 南無當來下生彌勒尊佛

南無大慈大悲觀世音菩薩 南無冥陽救苦地藏王菩薩 南無護法韋陀伽藍聖衆菩薩 南無靈山會上諸大聖衆 各寶金蓮座下

恭申請旨 伏為 植福延齡弟子衆等 切念禀生以來 忝列人倫 無明業障 結成有漏之因 逞健威雄 罔造無邊之業 迺者躬逢聖教 瀝心懺悔

是以涓今 西元二年八月七日 恭就本寺大佛殿 延仗沙門僧伽 帶領合會眾等 虔誠諷誦 佛說孟蘭盆經 加持諸佛秘密真言 千獻香齋 禪悦酥陀 上供 十方三寶 刹海龍天 光降法筵 慈悲納受

伏願

佛光普照 風調雨順 國泰民安佛日增輝 法輪常轉 普利群生

祈願消災壇上及各項功德主暨 合會眾等四時無災 八節有慶 元辰光彩 壽命延長家門迪吉 人口平安 財源廣進 利路亨通工藝超群 學業精進 五穀豐收 子孝孫賢四大調和 身體無恙 所求如意 降大吉祥

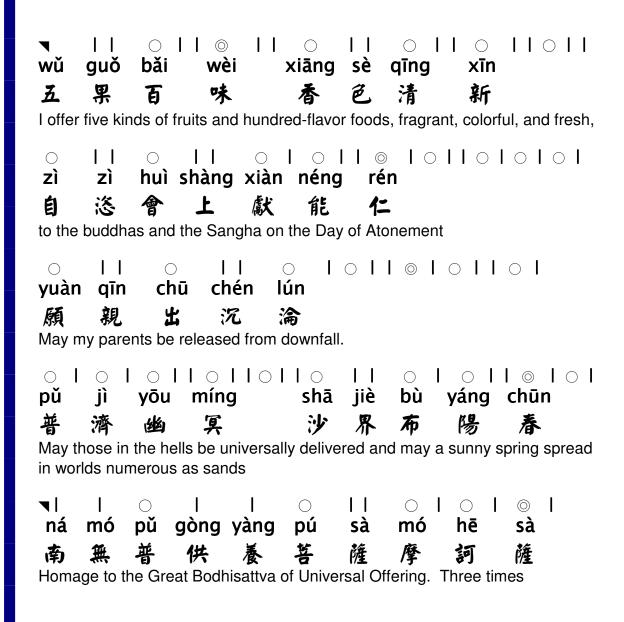
祈願超為壇上眾亡靈 蒙佛慈光攝受 刹那出離五濁 觀音甘露灌頂 勢至金臺安足 往生極樂國土 畢竟成就佛果

恭于 三寶證盟功德文疏

時維 西元二○二二年八月七日 主修法事沙門菩提 暨合會衆等 稽首上申

南無莊嚴無上佛菩提(三遍)

nán wú zhuāng yán wú shàng fú pú tí (3 times)



延生位回向

Parinamana in Longevity Hall

ná mó xiāo zāi yán shòu yào shī fó (Many times) 南 無 消 災 延 壽 藥 師 佛 (至延生位) Blessed be the Calamity-Averting, and Life-Prolonging Healing Master Buddhas.

ná mó zēng fú shòu pú sà mó hē sà (3 times) 南無增福壽菩薩摩訶薩(三唱) Blessed be the Bliss-Longevity-Enhancing Bodhasattvas Mahasattvas.

ná mó xiāo zāi yán shòu yào shī fó (3 times) 南 無 消 災 延 壽 藥 師 佛 (三稱) Blessed be the Calamity-Averting, and Life-Prolonging Healing Master Buddhas.

藥師灌頂真言 Medicine-Master-Sprinkling-Head Magic Words

dì bó aié fā рí shā shè ná mó iù Ιū 薄 帝。鞞 南 伐 殺 社 ○ 窶 無 伽 là shé yě liú pó hē bì lí bō là dá 薜 囉 婆。喝 囉 闍 璃∘鉢 也。但 琉 tuō jiē duō yé Ιà dì sān miǎo sān ā hē 2 囉 喝 帝。三 藐 耶。阿 他 揭 pí shā shì dá zhí tuō bó tuó yé ān 姪 他。啼。鞞 陀 耶。但 殺 浙 0 рí shā shì рí shā shè sān mò iiē dì 揭 鞞 逝。 鞞 殺 殺 社 。 三 沒 suō hē (7 times) 莎 訶 (七遍)

元辰讚 Primal_Hour Praise

■ ○ ◎ ○ ○ ○ ○ fó guāng zhù zhào běn mìng yuán chén 佛 光 注 照 本 命 元 辰 May Buddhas' light shower and shine upon our lives at the primal hour,
○ ○ ○ ○ ◎ ○ ○ ○ zāi xīng tuì dù fú xīng lín 災星退度福星 臨 May evil stars recede and pass. May blissful stars arrive.
○ ○ ○ ○ ◎ ○ ○ jiǔ yào bǎo cháng shēng 九曜保長生 May nine auspicious stars guarantee long life.
○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○
7. 回向偈 Parinamana Gatha
■ ○ ○ ○ ◎ yuàn xiāo sān zhàng zhū fán nǎo 願 消 三 障 諸 煩 惱 We wish to rid ourselves of the three hindrances and all klesa;
○ ○ ○ ○ ○ yuàn dé zhì huì zhēn míng liǎo 願得智慧與明了 We wish to gain wisdom and real understanding.
○ ○ ○ ○ ○ pǔ yuàn zuì zhàng xī xiāo chú 普 願 罪 障 悉 消 除 We wish all sinful hindrances to be totally eradicated.
◎ II ○ II ○ I ○ I ◎ Shì shì cháng xíng pú sà dào 世 常 行 菩 薩 道 In one life after another may we always follow the Bodhisattvas' path.

(念佛至殿外化牌位)

ná mó xiāo zāi yán shòu yào shī fó 南 無 消 災 延 壽 藥 師 佛 Blessed be the Calamity-Averting, and Life-Prolonging Healing Master Buddhas.

離婆離婆帝。求訶求訶帝。陀羅尼帝。尼訶囉帝。 lí pó lí pó dì. qiú hē qiú hē dì. tuó luó ní dì. ní hē luō dì.

毗黎你帝。摩訶伽帝。真陵乾帝。莎婆訶。 pí lí nǐ dì. mó hē jiā dì. zhēn líng gān dì. shā pó hē.

(念佛至往生位) Nán Wú A Mí Tuó Fó 南 無 阿 彌 陀 佛

蓮池讚 Praise of Lotus Pool

III \bigcirc lián chí hǎi mí tuó rú 蓮 池 海 彌 陀 來 如 In the vast Lotus Pool Assembly, Amita the Tathagata,

○ || ○ || ○ |○||◎|○||○|
jiē yǐn shàng jīn jiē
接引 上 金 階
Receives us and leads us to ascend the golden platforms;

Great vows magnificently taking, We universally wish all to leave the mundane world.

nán wú lián chíh haǐ hueì pú sà mó he sà(3 times) 南無蓮池海會菩薩摩訶薩(三稱)

Nán Wú Si Fang Jieh Yǐn A Mí Tuó Fó (3 times) 南無西方接引阿彌陀佛(三稱)

bō rě bō luó mì duō xīn jīng 般 若 波 羅 蜜 多 心 經 Prajnaparamita Hrdaya Sutra

guān zì zài pú sà xíng shēn bō rě bō 觀 自 在 菩 薩 o 行 深 般 若 波 When the Bodhisattva Avalokitesara was coursing in the deep

luó mì duō shí zhào jiàn wǔ yùn jiē kōng 羅 蜜 多 時 o 照 見 五 蘊 皆 空 o Prajnaparamita, He saw that the five skandhas were empty;

dù yí qiè kǔ è shě lì zǐ sè bù yì 度 一 切 苦 厄。舍 利 子。色 不 異 thus he overcame all ills and suffering. "O Sariputra, form does not differ from

kōng kōng bù yì sè sè jí shì kōng 空 。空 不 異 色。色 即 是 空 。 the Void, and the Void does not does differ from form.

kōng jí shì sè shòu xiǎng xíng shí yì fù 空 即 是 色。 受 想 行 識。亦 復 Form is the Void and the Void is form; the same is true for feelings, conceptions, impulses and consciousness,

rú shì shě lì zǐ shì zhū fǎ kōng xiāng 如 是 o 舍 利 子 o 是 諸 法 空 相 o O Sariputra, the characteristics of the Voidness of all dharmas

bù shēng bù miè bù gòu bù jìng bù zēng 不 生 不 滅 o 不 垢 不 淨 o 不 增 are not arising, not ceasing, not defiled, not pure, not increasing, bù jiǎn shì gù kōng zhōng wú sè wú shòu 不 減 ° 是 故 空 中 無 色 ° 無 受 not decreasing. Therefore, in the Void there are no forms, no feelings,

xiǎng xíng shí wú yǎn ěr bí shé shēn yì 想 行 識 o 無 眼 耳 鼻 舌 身 意 o concepttions, impulses or consciousness: no eye, ear, nose, tongue, body or mind;

wú sè shēng xiāng wèi chù fǎ wú yǎn jiè 無 色 聲 香 味 觸 法 o 無 眼 界 o no form, sound, smell, taste, touch or mind object; no eye elements,

nǎi zhì wú yì shí jiè wú wú míng yì 乃 至 無 意 識 界。無 無 明 。亦 until we come to no elements of consciousness; no ignorance and

wú wú míng jìn nǎi zhì wú lǎo sǐ yì 無 無 明 盡 o 乃 至 無 老 死 o 亦 alse no ending of ignorance, until we come to no old age and death and no ending of old age and

wú lǎo sǐ jìn wú kǔ jí miè dào wú zhì 無 老 死 盡。無 苦 集 滅 道。無 智 death; also there is no truth of suffering, of the cause of suffering, of the cessation of suffering, or of the Path. There is no wisdom,

yì wú dé yǐ wú suǒ dé gù pú tí sà 亦 無 得 O 以 無 所 得 故 O 菩 提 薩 and there is no attainment whatsoever. Because there is nothing to be attained, a Bodhisattva

duŏ bō rě bō luó mì duō qù ٧Ī xīn 若 波 羅 蜜 埵 。依 般 故。心 relying on Prajnaparamita has no obstruction

wú guà ài wú guà ài gù wú yǒu kǒng 無 罣 礙。無 罣 礙 故。無 有 恐 in his mind. Because there is no obstruction he has no fear,

diān dǎo mèng xiǎng jiù bù yuǎn lí jìng 怖。遠 顛 夢 想 。 究 離 倒 and he passes far beyond all confused imagination and reaches Ultimate fó sān shì zhū bō rě hō niè pán ۷Ī 諸 佛。依 般 波 槃 。 三 世 Nirvana. The Buddhas in the past, present and future, also, by relying on the Praina

luó mì duō gù dé ā nòu duō luó sān miǎo 羅 蜜 多 故 o 得 阿 耨 多 羅 三 藐 paramita, have attained Supreme

sān pú tí gù zhī bō rě bō luó mì duō 三 菩 提。故 知 般 若 波 羅 蜜 多。 Enlightenment. Therefore, the Prajna—paramita

shì dà shén zhòu shì dà míng zhòu shì 是大神咒。是大明咒。是 is the great magic spell, is the greatest spell of illumination,

wú shàng zhòu shì wú děng děng zhòu néng 無 上 咒 o 是 無 等 咒 o 能 is the supreme spell, is the unequalled spell, which can

chú yí qiè kǔ zhēn shí bù xū gù shuō 除 一 切 苦。真 實 不 虚。故 說 truly protect one from all suffering without fail." Therefore,

bō rě bō luó mì duō zhòu jí shuō zhòu 般 若 波 羅 蜜 多 咒 o 即 說 咒 he uttered the spell of Prajnaparamita, saying:

yuē jiē dì jiē dì bō luó jiē dì bō luó 日 o 揭 諦 揭 諦 o 波 羅 揭 諦 o 波 羅 "Gate, Gate, Paragate, Parasemgate,"

sēng jiē dì pú tí sà pó hē 僧 揭 諦 o 菩 提 薩 婆 訶 o Bodhi Svaha." 往生淨土神咒 Rerirth-to-Pure-Land Dharani

mí duō pó yè duō tuō qié duō ná mó ā 哆 南 謨 阿 彌 婆夜。哆他 伽 哆 yè tuō duō dì mí dōu рí yè ā lì рó 夜。哆 地 夜 他。阿 彌 利 都 婆 毗。 lì duō xī dān рó рí ā mí - lì 爾利哆。悉耽婆毗。阿彌 阿 利 duō pí jiā lán lì duō dì ā mí рí 蘭 帝。阿 。毗 迦 彌 利 哆。毗 lán duō mí nì qié qié qié nà zhī jiā 哆。伽 蘭 彌 膩。伽 迦 伽 那。枳 lì suō pó hē (7 times) duō jiā 多 隸。娑 婆 訶。(七遍) 迦

變食真言 Food - Conversion Mantra

ná mó sà wá dá tuō yé duō wá lú zhī 曩 謨 薩 嚩 怛 他 誐 多。嚩 嘘 枳 dì ān sān bá là hòng (7 times)帝。唵。三 跋 囉。三 跋 囉 吽。(七遍)

甘露水真言 Amrta Mantra

ná mó sū lū pó yē dá tuō yē duō yē 蘇 噜 婆 耶。但 耶 多 耶 曩 謨 他 dá zhí tuō ān Ιū Ιū bō sū sū Ιà sū 他。啼。蘇 嚕 蘇 嚕。缽 囉 姪 蘇 怛 suō pó hē Ιū bō Ιà sū lū (7 times) 嚕 蘇 嚕。娑 婆 囉 缽 訶。(七遍)

5. 普供養真言 Universal-Donation Mantra

ān yé yé nǎng sān pó wá fá rì là hú 唵。誐 誐 曩。三 婆 嚩。伐 日 囉 斛。

讚佛偈 Praise of Amitabha

- ▼ || || | | ◎ || ā mí tuó fó shēn jīn sè 阿彌陀佛身金色。
 Amitabha all in golden color,
- || || | | || xiāng hǎo guāng míng wú děng lún 相 好 光 明 無 等 倫。
 With form, features and radiance unequalled,
- || || | | || bái háo wǎn zhuǎn wǔ xū mí 白 毫 宛 轉 五 須 彌。
 White curls winding like the five Sumern Mountains,
- || || | | || gàn mù chéng qīng sì dà hǎi 紺 目 澄 清 四 大 海。 and purple eyes as clear as the four great seas.
- || || | | || guāng zhōng huà fó wú shù yì 光 中 化 佛 無 數 億。
 In his aura are transformed Buddhas in countless millions,
- || || | | ◎ || huà pú sà zhòng yì wú biān
 化 菩薩 眾 亦 無 邊。
 and transformed Bodhisattvas, also, in limitless number;

IIIII \circ \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet sì dù zhòng shēng shí bā yuàn 願 Forty-eight vows he made to enlighten sentient beings, IIII \circ \bigcirc dēng jiŭ pĭn xián lìng bĭ 咸 令 彼 九 and to enable all nine grades to reach the other shore. III| | \bigcirc fāng jí ná mó lè shì jiè χī 南 西 方 極 Blessed be the Most Compassionate One of the Western \bigcirc \bigcirc dà dà CÍ bēi ā mí tuó fó 悲 陀 大 大 阿 彌 佛。 Paradise, Amitabha Buddha. fó (Many times) ná mó ā tuó mí 南 陀 佛(無數次) 無 阿 彌 Buddha. Blessed Amitabha

稽首禮 東方 阿閦佛

chỉ shoủ lì dong fang a chù fó

青色 青光 青色 青光明

ching sè ching guang ching sè ching guang míng

阿閦佛如來 亡靈皆得度

a chù fó rú laí wáng líng jieh dé dù

稽首禮 東方 阿閦佛

chỉ shoủ lì dong fang a chù fó

稽首禮 南方 寶生佛 chǐ shoǔ lǐ nán fang baǒ sheng fó

赤色 赤光 赤色 赤光明 chìh sè chìh guang míng

實生佛如來 亡靈皆得度 baŏ sheng fó rú laí wáng líng jieh dé dù

稽首禮 南方 寶生佛 chǐ shoù lǐ nán fang baǒ sheng fó

稽首禮 西方 彌陀佛 chǐ shoǔ lǐ si fang mí tuó fó

白色 白光 白色 白光明 baí sè baí guang baí sè baí guang míng

阿彌陀如來 亡靈皆得度 a mí tuó rú laí wáng líng jieh dé dù

稽首禮 西方 彌陀佛 chǐ shoǔ lǐ si fang mí tuó fó 稽首禮 北方 成就佛 chǐ shoǔ lǐ beǐ fang chéng jioù fó

黑色 黑光 黑色 黑光明 hei sè hei guang míng

成就佛如來 亡靈皆得度 chéng jioù fó rú laí wáng líng jieh dé dù

稽首禮 北方 成就佛 chǐ shoù lǐ beǐ fang chéng jioù fó

稽首禮 中央 毗盧佛 chǐ shoǔ lǐ jhong yang pí lú fó

黄色 黄光 黄色 黄光明 huáng sè huáng guang huáng sè huáng guang míng

毗盧佛如來 亡靈皆得度 pí lú fó rú laí wáng líng jieh dé dù

稽首禮 中央 毗盧佛 chǐ shoǔ lǐ jhong yang pí lú fó 願生西方淨土中 , 九品蓮華爲父母; yuàn shēng xī fāng jìng tǔ zhōng , jiǔ pǐn lián huá wèi fù mǔ 花開見佛悟無生 , 不退菩薩爲伴侶。 huā kāi jiàn fú wù wú shēng , bù tuì pú sà wèi bàn lǚ .

(念佛至殿外化牌位)

南無西方接引阿彌陀佛 Nán Wú Si Fang Jieh Yǐn A Mí Tuó Fó

南無阿彌多婆夜 哆他伽多夜 哆地夜他 nán wúā mí duō pó yè duō tā jiā duō yè duō dì yè tā

阿彌唎都婆毗 阿彌唎哆 悉耽婆毗 ā mí lì dōu pó pí ā mí lì duō xī dān pó pí

阿彌咧哆 毗迦蘭帝 阿彌咧哆 毗迦蘭多 ā mí lì duō pí jiā lán duō

伽彌膩 伽伽那 枳多迦唎 娑婆訶 jiā mí nì jiā jiā nà zhǐ duō jiā lì suō pó hē

佛慈廣大。感應無差。寂光三昧遍河沙。 fú cí guǎng dà. gǎn yīng wú chà. jì guāng sān mèi biàn hé shā.

願不離伽耶。降福齋家。金地湧蓮花。 yuàn bù lí jiā yé. jiàng fú zhāi jiā. jīn dì yǒng lián huā.

南無登雲路菩薩摩訶薩(三稱) nán wú dēng yún lù pú sà mó hē sà (3 times)

(念佛至佛前) 南無消災延壽藥師佛 nán wú xiāo zāi yán shòu yào shī fú

以此蘭盆供善根。 報答父母劬勞恩。 yǐ cǐ lán pén gōng shàn gēn. bào dá fù mǔ qú láo ēn.

存者福樂壽無疆。 亡者離苦得超昇。 cún zhě fú lè shòu wú jiāng. wáng zhě lí kǔ dé chāo shēng.

四生九有諸含識。 八難三途苦眾生。 sì shēng jiǔ yǒu zhū hán shí. bā nán sān tú kǔ zhòng shēng.

各各悔過洗瑕疵。 盡蒙慈濟出沉淪。 gè gè huǐ guò xǐ xiá cī. jǐn méng cí jì chū chén lún.

鳴引磬禮佛三拜

The small bell-gong, Three Prostrations before the Buddhas.

法會圓滿結束 End of Ceremony

順治皇帝 讚僧詩

天下叢林飯似山,鉢盂到處任君餐,黄金白玉非為貴,唯有袈裟披肩難。 朕為大地山河主,憂國憂民事轉煩,百年三萬六千日,不及僧家半日閒。 來時糊塗去時迷,空在人間走這回,未曾生成誰是我?生我之時我是誰? 長大成人方是我,合眼朦朧又是誰?不如不來又不去,來時歡喜去時悲。 悲歡離合多勞慮,何日清閑誰得知?若能了達僧家事,從此回頭不算遲。 世間難比出家人,無憂無慮得安宜,口中喫得清和味,身上常穿百衲衣。 五湖四海為上客,皆因夙世種菩提,個個都是眞羅漢,披搭如來三等衣。 金鳥玉兔東復西,為人切莫用心機,百年世事三更夢,萬里乾坤一局棋。 禹開九州湯放桀,秦吞六國漢登基,古來多少英雄漢,南北山頭臥土泥。 黄袍換卻紫袈裟,只為當年一念差,我本西方一衲子,為何生在帝王家? 十八年來不自由,南征北討幾時休?我今撒手西方去,不管千秋與萬秋。

從前唐太宗告訴玄奘法師説:

「朕欲齋僧,但聞僧多無行,奈何?」

玄奘法師答道:

崑山有玉,混雜泥沙。麗水生金,寧無瓦礫。

土木雕成羅漢,敬之則福生。銅鐵鑄就金容,毀之而有罪。

■ 泥龍雖不能行雨,祈雨須禱泥龍。凡僧雖不能降福,修福須敬凡僧。

太宗恍然道:

「朕自今以後,雖見小沙彌猶如敬佛。」

